

## What is carbon accounting?

corporate sustainability

Carbon accounting is the quantification of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, typically expressed as carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2eq).

## Carbon accounting is complemented by carbon reporting to:



Quantify and measure GHG emissions



Calculate methodologies and standards



Monitor GHG emissions



Collect data and keep records

Carbon accounting regulations are applicable to various sectors, such as:



Industrial



**Commercial** 



**Public entities** 

## The transition from voluntary to mandatory

As the global demand for more transparent climate-related data accelerates, many jurisdictions are transitioning from voluntary guidance to mandatory standards for companies to measure and report their emissions. This regulatory switch has been further motivated by:



- The Paris Agreement setting emission reduction targets
- The European Green Deal's targets toward climate neutrality by 2050
- The International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) establishing a global baseline for climaterelated financial disclosures

These drivers and the expanding scope of climate-related accountability will most likely mean global companies will be required to comply with mandatory climate reporting regulations within the next few years.

**Learn more** about how you can prepare your business as this regulatory topic continues to grow in our eBook, *Getting ahead of carbon accounting*.

<u>Download the ebook</u> enhesa.com